

Crime Analysis Report January 2019

Det. Sgt. Kurt Fasulo #63

CALEA 15.3.1

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Crime Analysis

A set of systematic, analytical processes directed at providing timely and pertinent information relative to crime patterns and trend correlations to assist the operational and administrative personnel in planning the deployment of resources for the prevention and suppression of criminal activities, aiding the investigative process, and increasing apprehensions and the clearance of cases. Within this context, Crime Analysis supports a number of department functions including patrol deployment, special operations, and tactical units, investigations, planning and research, crime prevention, and administrative services (budgeting and program planning). --Steven Gottlieb et al., 1994, "Crime Analysis: From First Report to Final Arrest."

TO: Office of the Chief of Police

FROM: Det. Sgt. Kurt Fasulo #63

SUBJECT: Crime Analysis Report January 2019

During the month of January 2019, the Guilford Police Department had the following **Part 1** and selected **Part 2** Crimes reported: Reference Appendix A for further information. This information was compiled via the NEXGEN system utilizing a query of all Part 1 Crimes and select Part 2 crimes from the computer database. A full review of each queried case file report was completed.

The Guilford Police Department investigated 961 cases for the month of January. This is a seventeen percent (17%) increase in calls from the previous month.

Burglary Cases

None reported.

Criminal Mischief Cases:

There was a total of eleven (11) criminal mischief cases filed for the month of January. This is an increase in criminal mischief cases from December in which there were six (6). Eight (8) of the eleven (11) cases involved damage to private property; the remaining three (3) involved damage to public property.

The times and dates reported are depicted in the graphic representation. Six (6) of the eleven (11) reported incidents reflect the time the report was filed and not the time at which the crime is being committed. These were reported after the damage was observed and the exact time and date of the occurrence is unknown.

There was one (1) arrest made for criminal mischief in the month of January.

There was no pattern nor significant modus operandi established during analysis of these incidents and thus no response plan was developed.

Reference Appendix B for a graphic representation.

Larceny Cases:

There were eighteen (18) larceny cases reported during the month of January. Five (5) of the eighteen cases were solved. There was one arrest made as a result of these larceny cases. In the remaining four (4) solved cases, the suspects have been identified and arrest warrants are pending or being completed.

The larceny types are as follows: three (3) thefts from a motor vehicle, nine (9) shopliftings, one (1) theft from residence, and five (5) general larceny.

For nine (9) of these larceny cases the exact date and time that the larceny occurred has not been determined. Thus, the date and time shown reflects only that of the date/time reported. The larceny from motor vehicle cases typically are reported upon discovery of the entry by the vehicle owner. In some cases, the date/time can be inferred based upon information developed from related cases. The statistics are skewed to the B Shift and C Shift as these are the times when the complaints are made. However, nearly every larceny from motor vehicle case occurs during the overnight hours and can be attributed to the hours of the A Shift. For the month of January, two (2) of the three (3) thefts from motor vehicle cases were confirmed to have occurred during the overnight hours between 2300 and 0700.

The number of larceny cases remained the same from December to January.

The fraud cases for the month of January are as follows: Twelve (12) General Fraud, Two (2) Fraud Identity Theft, two (2) Fraud via Internet, and one (1) Fraud with a Credit Card. These other fraud incidents all involved complainants who were reimbursed or did not experience any loss, thus these cases are not included in the monthly totals for larceny cases.

The thefts from motor vehicle larcenies all involved items being removed from unlocked motor vehicles. This department continues to educate the public on securing valuables through social media platforms. This issue continues to be a focal point for police departments throughout the state.

Reference Appendix C for a graphic representation.

Robbery Cases:

None reported.

Larceny of MV Cases:

None reported.

Aggravated Assault/Simple Assault:

None reported.

Arson Cases:

There were two (2) arson cases for the month of January. The cases are linked and occurred on the same date. The cases are being actively investigated by the Guilford Police Department.

Rape/Sex offense Cases:

There was one (1) reported sexual assault for the month of January. Per Connecticut General Statutes, the details of this case will remain confidential.

Homicide Cases:

None reported.

Information and Intelligence received on criminal activity:

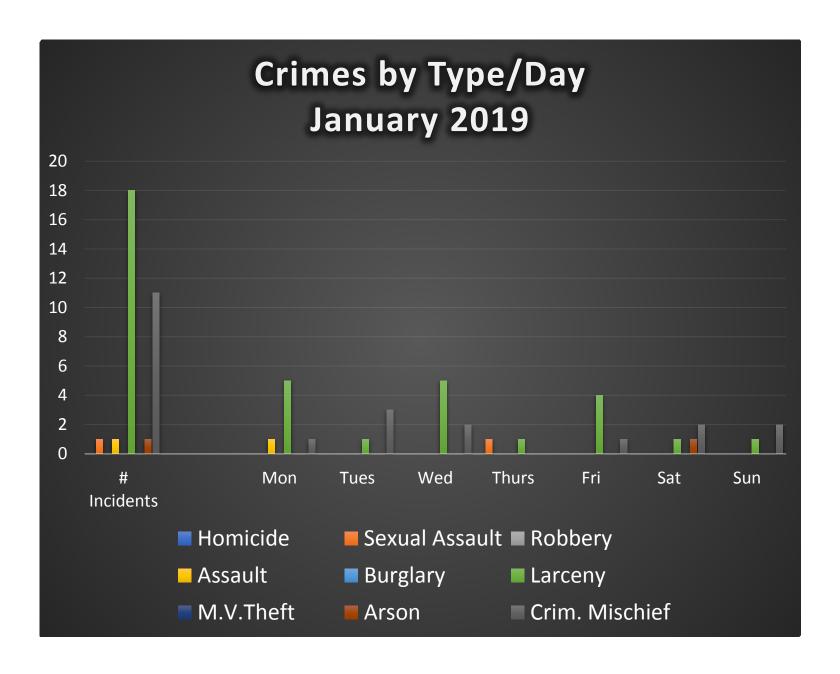
CTIC provided LEO intelligence during this month. The New England State Police Information Network also served as a source of intelligence as did the Law Enforcement Information Exchange (LInX). Guilford Police also monitors Crimedex Law Enforcement Portal for updated information on financial crime trends. Crime intelligence sharing is also monitored through New Haven Police Department's SLACK program.

Intelligence meetings were held with the Middlesex County Detective Association and New Haven MDT in regard to ongoing criminal activity in all attending agencies' jurisdictions.

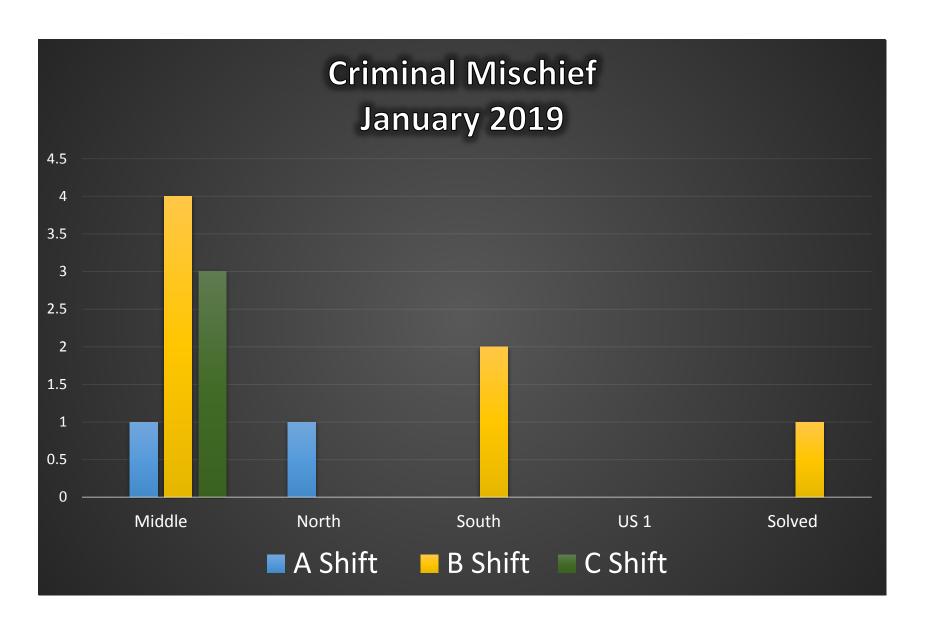
Respectfully submitted,

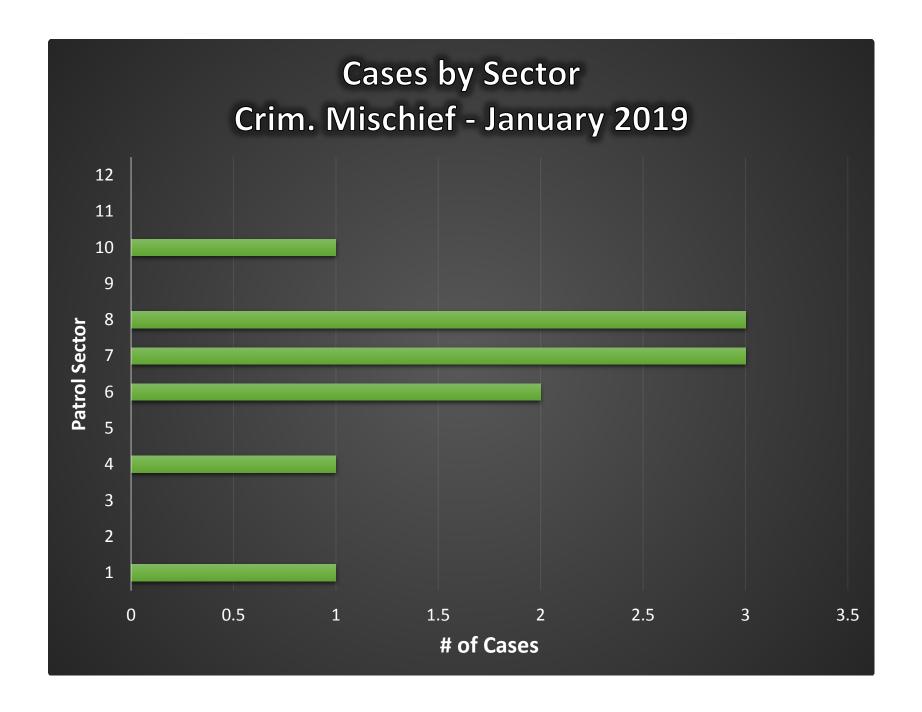
Det. Sgt. Kurt Fasulo

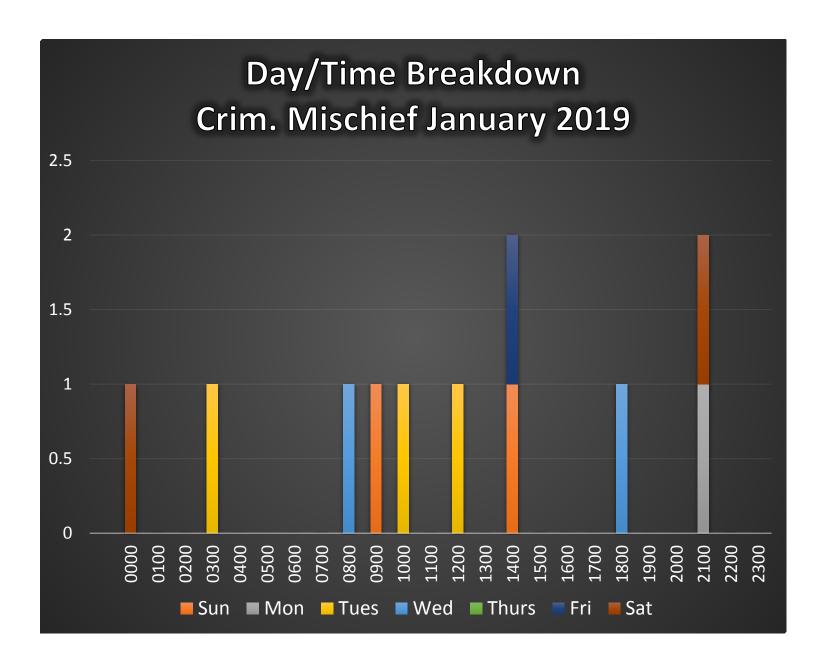
Appendix A – Crime



Appendix B - Criminal Mischief







Appendix C – Larceny

