

Crime Analysis Report December 2019

Det. Sgt. Kurt Fasulo #63

CALEA 15.3.1

Table of Contents

Crime Analysis Definition	3
Crime Analysis Narrative Report.	4
Appendix A (Crime Graph)	7
Appendix B (Burglary Graphs)	.8
Appendix C (Criminal Mischief Graphs)	.10
Appendix D (Larceny Graphs)	.12

Crime Analysis

A set of systematic, analytical processes directed at providing timely and pertinent information relative to crime patterns and trend correlations to assist the operational and administrative personnel in planning the deployment of resources for the prevention and suppression of criminal activities, aiding the investigative process, and increasing apprehensions and the clearance of cases. Within this context, Crime Analysis supports a number of department functions including patrol deployment, special operations, and tactical units, investigations, planning and research, crime prevention, and administrative services (budgeting and program planning). --Steven Gottlieb et al., 1994, "Crime Analysis: From First Report to Final Arrest."

TO: Office of the Chief of Police

FROM: Det. Sgt. Kurt Fasulo #63

SUBJECT: Crime Analysis Report December 2019

During the month of December 2019, the Guilford Police Department had the following **Part 1** and selected **Part 2** Crimes reported: Reference Appendix A for further information. This information was compiled via the NEXGEN system utilizing a query of all Part 1 Crimes and select Part 2 crimes from the computer database. A full review of each queried case file report was completed.

The Guilford Police Department investigated 1021 cases for the month of December. This is a twenty-four percent (24%) increase in calls from December 2018 (825).

Burglary Cases

There was one (1) reported burglary during the month of December. The lone burglary was to a commercial property. There were no patterns nor significant modus operandi identified to initiate a response plan.

The number of burglaries decreased when compared to December 2018 (7).

Reference Appendix B for a graphic representation.

Criminal Mischief Cases:

There was a total of four (4) criminal mischief cases filed for the month of December. This is a decrease in criminal mischief cases from December 2018 in which there were six (6). Two cases involved damage to private property and the remaining two to public property.

Three reported incidents reflect the time the report was filed and not the time at which the crime is being committed. These were reported after the damage was observed and the exact time and date of the occurrence is unknown. A second graph showing the day and time of offense has not been included in this report as none of these incidents had that information available.

There were no arrests made for criminal mischief in the month of December. There were no patterns nor trends for these incidents and no response plan has been developed.

Reference Appendix C for a graphic representation.

Larceny Cases:

There were twenty (20) larceny cases reported during the month of December. Four (4) of the twenty cases were solved. There was one arrest made as a result of these larceny cases. The remainder of the solved cases did not result in arrest as the victims no longer wished to pursue charges upon receiving restitution.

The larceny types are as follows: Two (2) shoplifting, eleven (11) theft from motor vehicle, three (3) thefts from residence, one (1) embezzlement, and three (3) general larceny.

For seven (7) of these larceny cases the exact date and time that the larceny occurred has not been determined. Thus, the date and time shown in the related graph reflects only that of the date/time reported. A separate graph has been provided which depicts day and time the offense was completed, if known.

The number of larceny cases increased from December 2018 (18).

The fraud cases for the month of December are as follows: Eleven (11) General Fraud and two (2) Fraud with a Credit Card. These fraud incidents mostly were attempts to defraud victims of funds. In some cases, the involved complainants were reimbursed or did not experience any loss.

Reference Appendix D for a graphic representation.

<u>Robbery Cases:</u>

None reported.

Larceny of MV Cases:

There were two (2) larceny of motor vehicle cases for the month of December. Both cases are still being investigated with suspects identified and arrest warrants pending. There have been no trend factors identified to warrant development of a response plan. Both vehicles have been recovered and returned to the owner.

Aggravated Assault/Simple Assault:

None reported.

Arson Cases:

None reported.

Rape/Sex offense Cases:

There was one (1) reported sexual assault for the month of December. Per Connecticut General Statutes, the details of this case will remain confidential.

This is an increase from 2018 (0).

Homicide Cases:

None reported.

Information and Intelligence received on criminal activity:

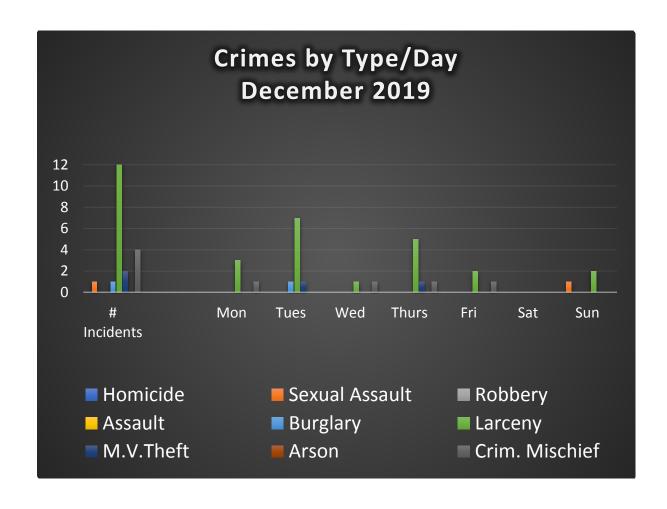
CTIC provided LEO intelligence during this month. The New England State Police Information Network also served as a source of intelligence as did the Law Enforcement Information Exchange (LInX). Guilford Police also monitors Crimedex Law Enforcement Portal for updated information on financial crime trends. Crime intelligence sharing is also monitored through New Haven Police Department's SLACK program.

Intelligence meetings were held with the Middlesex County Detective Association, United States Postal Inspectors, and New Haven MDT in regard to ongoing criminal activity in all attending agencies' jurisdictions.

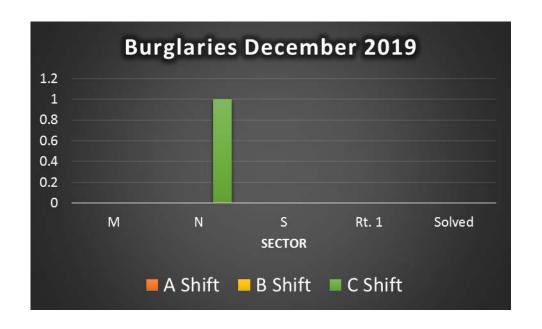
Respectfully submitted,

Det. Sgt. Kurt Fasulo

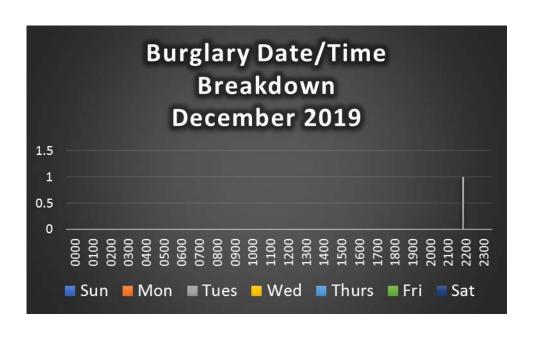
Appendix A – Crime



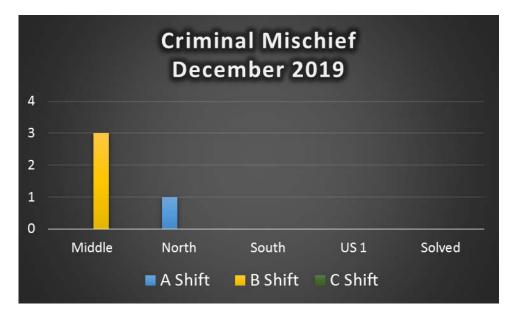
Appendix B – Burglary



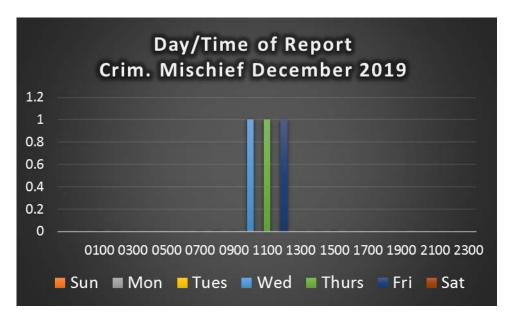


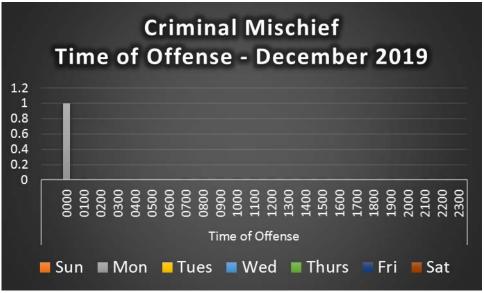


Appendix C - Criminal Mischief









Appendix D – Larceny

